





ABUSE IS NOT LOVE:

RECOGNIZING AND PREVENTING
ABUSE IN GAY AND LESBIAN
RELATIONSHIPS





INTRODUCTIONS









THIS MODULE WAS CREATED WITH YSL BEAUTÉ IN ORDER TO CONTINUE THEIR INITIATIVE ABUSE IS NOT LOVE – TO EDUCATE AND BRING AWARENESS TO INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE (IPV).

IPV IS ONE OF THE MOST COMMON FORMS OF POWER-BASED PERSONAL VIOLENCE. IT IS THE USE OF PHYSICAL, SEXUAL, FINANCIAL, AND/OR EMOTIONAL ABUSE TO EXERT POWER AND CONTROL OVER A CURRENT OR FORMER INTIMATE PARTNER.







AGENDA

- INTRODUCTION
- OVERVIEW OF IT'S ON US
- WORKSHOP
 - UNDERSTANDING SEXUAL ORIENTATION
 - **O WHAT IS INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE?**
 - HOW TO PREVENT IPV
 - HOW TO SUPPORT A FRIEND



WHAT DETERMINES A PERSON'S SEXUALITY?

THE GENDER UNICORN







| GENDER IDENTIT | Γ Υ : | |
|----------------|----------------|--|
| | > | Female/Woman/Girl Male/Man/Boy Other Gender(s) |
| GENDER EXPRES | SION: | |
| | > > | Feminine Masculine Other |
| SEX ASSIGNED A | T BIRTH | |
| Female Male (| Other/Intersex | |
| PHYSICALLY ATT | RACTED TO | |
| <u> </u> | | Women Men |
| ~ | | Other Gender(s) |
| EMOTIONALLY A | TIRACTED TO | Women |
| | <u> </u> | Men Other Gender(s) |





DEFINITIONS

LESBIAN

SOMEONE WHO IDENTIFIES WITH FEMININITY, FEMALENESS, OR WOMANHOOD IN SOME WAY AND IS ATTRACTED TO INDIVIDUALS OF A SIMILAR GENDER.

GAY

SOMEONE WHO IDENTIFIES WITH MASCULINITY, MALENESS, OR MANHOOD IN SOME WAY AND IS ATTRACTED TO INDIVIDUALS OF A SIMILAR GENDER.



WHAT IS INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE?





DEFINITIONS

INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE (IPV)

WILLFUL INTIMIDATION, PHYSICAL ASSAULT,
BATTERY, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND/OR OTHER
ABUSIVE BEHAVIORS AS PART OF A SYSTEMATIC
PATTERN OF POWER AND CONTROL,
PERPETRATED BY ONE INTIMATE PARTNER
AGAINST ANOTHER.





POWER
CONTROL
DOMINANCE

CAN BE COMMITTED BY ANYONE OF ANY GENDER AGAINST ANYONE OF ANY GENDER



ESCALATION







WHY POWER, CONTROL, AND DOMINANCE?

- ABUSERS FEEL ENTITLED TO IT BECAUSE OF THEIR BELIEFS AND ATTITUDES.
- THEY HAVE WITNESSED OR EXPERIENCED
 ABUSE THEMSELF AND SEE IT AS STANDARD.
- THEY BELIEVE IT'S THE SOCIAL NORM.
- THEY STRUGGLE TO REGULATE THEIR OWN EMOTIONS AND FEEL OUT OF CONTROL.

THOSE WHO ABUSE OTHERS BELIEVE THAT WHAT THEY ARE DOING IS JUSTIFIED BEHAVIOR.





WHY POWER, CONTROL, AND DOMINANCE?

- ABUSERS FEEL NEGATIVELY ABOUT THEIR OWN SEXUAL IDENTITY.
- THEY HAVE INTERNALIZED HARMFUL STEREOTYPES ABOUT LGBTQ+ PEOPLE.
- THEY HAVE BEEN ABUSED BECAUSE OF THEIR OWN IDENTITY.
- THEY HAVE INTERNALIZED HETEROSEXIST NORMS ABOUT RELATIONSHIPS.

THOSE WHO ABUSE BELIEVE THAT WHAT THEY ARE DOING IS JUSTIFIED BEHAVIOR.

POWER CAN BE SYSTEMICOR PERSONAL



SOCIETAL

- ABILITY
- AGE
- CLASS
- GENDER
- RACE
- RELIGION
- SEXUALITY

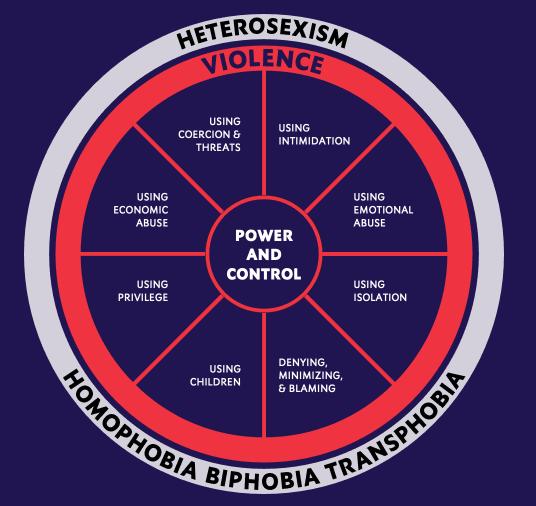
PERSONAL

BASED ON A

PERSON'S QUALITIES,

TRAITS, OR

CHARACTERISTICS.













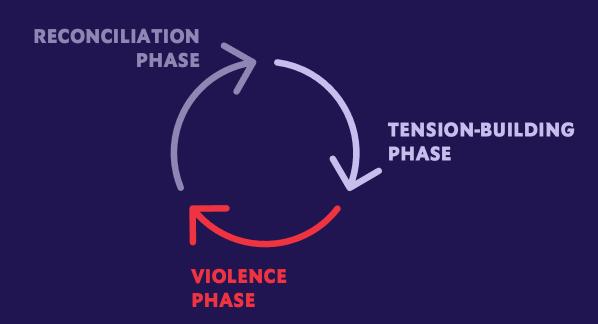
- ABUSE STARTS WITH SUBTLE BEHAVIORS INTENDED TO TEST BOUNDARIES.
- ONCE THOSE BEHAVIORS ARE NORMALIZED,
 THE PERSON COMMITTING ABUSE WILL INTENSIFY
 THEIR BEHAVIORS BY BEING MORE CRUEL AND
 LEANING MORE INTO ABUSIVE TACTICS.
- THIS CAN THEN ESCALATE TO VIOLENCE.

THE ESCALATION CAN HAPPEN OVER A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME OR A LONGER PERIOD OF TIME.





CYCLICAL



9 SIGNS OF ABUSE





- Nº1 IGNORING YOU ON DAYS THEY ARE ANGRY
- Nº2 BLACKMAILING YOU IF YOU REFUSE TO DO SOMETHING
- Nº3 **HUMILIATING** OR PUTTING YOU DOWN
- Nº4 MANIPULATING OR COERCING YOU INTO DOING OR SAYING SOMETHING
- Nº5 JEALOUSY OVER EVERYTHING YOU DO
- Nº6 CONTROLLING WHERE YOU GO OR HOW YOU LOOK
- Nº7 INTRUSION BY GOING THROUGH YOUR PHONE OR TRACKING YOUR LOCATION
- Nº8 ISOLATING AND CUTTING YOU OFF FROM FRIENDS AND FAMILY
- Nº9 INTIMIDATION BY CALLING YOU CRAZY AND INSTILLING FEAR

IDENTITY ABUSE: WEAPONIZING HOMOPHOBIA AND TRANSPHOBIA













KNOW THE FACTS





ACCORDING TO A NATIONAL SURVEY COLLECTED IN 2017...

56,3% OF LESBIAN WOMEN HAVE EXPERIENCED INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE.

- o 1 IN 7 (14.9%) EXPERIENCED SEXUAL VIOLENCE FROM AN INTIMATE PARTNER.
- 63.4% EXPERIENCED PSYCHOLOGICAL AGGRESSION FROM AN INTIMATE PARTNER.
- o 53% EXPERIENCED PHYSICAL VIOLENCE PERPETRATED BY AN INTIMATE PARTNER.

47.7% OF GAY MEN HAVE EXPERIENCED INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE.

- o 1 IN 4 GAY MEN EXPERIENCED SEXUAL VIOLENCE FROM AN INTIMATE PARTNER,
- o 1 IN 2 EXPERIENCED PSYCHOLOGICAL AGGRESSION FROM AN INTIMATE PARTNER,
- o 41.1% EXPERIENCED PHYSICAL VIOLENCE PERPETRATED BY AN INTIMATE PARTNER.

ACCORDING TO A 2015 STUDY...

- MORE THAN HALF (54%) OF TRANS PEOPLE EXPERIENCED INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE.*
 - o 1 IN 3 EXPERIENCED PHYSICAL VIOLENCE BY AN INTIMATE PARTNER.

VICTIM BLAMING FOR LESBIAN AND GAY SURVIVORS



MYTH: GAY MEN ARE HYPERSEXUAL.

MYTH: GAY MEN COULD "JUST FIGHT BACK".

MYTH: LESBIANS CANNOT COMMIT IPV BECAUSE THEY ARE TWO WOMEN.

MYTH: THE PERSON COMMITTING ABUSE IS MORE MASCULINE, BUTCH,

BIGGER, AND STRONGER.

VICTIM BLAMING FOR LESBIAN AND GAY SURVIVORS



FACT: IPV TAKES MANY FORMS BEYOND PHYSICAL VIOLENCE.

FACT: "FIGHTING BACK" MAY BE AN UNSAFE RESPONSE AND FURTHER ESCALATE VIOLENCE.

FACT: THERE ARE MANY RISK FACTORS, THAT ARE NOT JUST GENDER, THAT CAN EXPLAIN WHY SOMEONE TO COMMITS ABUSE.

FACT: SEX DRIVE VARIES FROM PERSON TO PERSON. QUEER PEOPLE ARE NO MORE SEXUAL THAN ANYONE ELSE.



HOW TO PREVENT INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE AGAINST LESBIAN AND GAY INDIVIDUALS

10 SIGNS OF A HEALTHY RELATIONSHIP



№1 COMFORTABLE PACE

№2 TRUST

№3 HONESTY

Nº4 INDEPENDENCE

Nº5 RESPECT

Nº6 EQUALITY

Nº7 KINDNESS

Nº8 ACCOUNTABILITY

Nº9 HEALTHY CONFLICT

Nº10 FUN

HOW TO STRENGTHEN RELATIONSHIPS



- LEARN ABOUT ONE ANOTHER.
- 2. BUILD RESPECT AND REGARD FOR EACH OTHER, INCLUDING SETTING AND RESPECTING BOUNDARIES.
- 3. USE HEALTHY COMMUNICATION AND CONFLICT.

TIPS FOR HEALTHY COMMUNICATION



- 1. BE OPEN TO BEING POSITIVELY INFLUENCED.
- 2. COMMUNICATE BEFORE SOMETHING BECOMES A BIG PROBLEM.
- COMPROMISE WHEN SOMETHING FEELS UNSOLVABLE.

TIPS FOR HEALTHY CONFLICT



- CHOOSE ONE ISSUE AND STICK TO IT.
- 2. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND ONE ANOTHER'S PERSPECTIVE ON THE ISSUE.
- 3. LIST ALL POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS, EVEN THE UNREALISTIC ONES.
- 4. PICK ONE SOLUTION AND TRY IT.
- 5. THEN, REPEAT. AFTER SOME TIME, DISCUSS IF THAT'S WORKING. IF NOT, PICK ANOTHER IDEA AND TRY AGAIN.



BYSTANDER INTERVENTION

WHAT ARE SOME REASONS WHY WE DO NOT ACT WHEN WE NOTICE BEHAVIORS OR WITNESS A SITUATION THAT DOES NOT SEEM RIGHT?

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION



EVERYONE HAS BARRIERS TO ACTING.

- FEAR OF SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES
- DISTRUST OF OURSELVES
- UNSURE WHAT TO DO
- CONCERNS FOR SAFETY

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION



NO MATTER WHAT BARRIERS YOU MIGHT BE FACING, YOU CAN ALWAYS ACT.

- DIRECT SAY SOMETHING TO THOSE INVOLVED.
- DISTRACT CREATE A DISTRACTION TO DIFFUSE TENSION.
- DELEGATE ASK SOMEONE WITH AUTHORITY OR FAMILIARITY TO HELP.
- **DELAY** CHECK IN LATER.

COMMUNITY IS KEY



- 1. SHARED PURPOSE AND COMMON GOALS
- 2. SELF EXPRESSION AND HONESTY
- 3. HEALTHY COMMUNICATION
- 4. SHARED EXPERIENCES
- 5. MUTUAL DECISION MAKING



HOW TO SUPPORT A FRIEND THROUGH ABUSE

SUPPORTING A FRIEND THROUGH ABUSE: KNOW THE FACTS





- TELLING A FRIEND TO LEAVE THE PERSON WHO IS ABUSING THEM CAN MAKE IT MORE LIKELY THAT THEY WILL STAY. INSTEAD, WE CAN OFFER THEM SUPPORT AND SHARE RESOURCES THAT CAN EMPOWER THEM TO MAKE SAFE DECISIONS ABOUT THEIR RELATIONSHIP.
- ON AVERAGE, IT TAKES SEVEN BREAKUPS FOR AN ABUSIVE RELATIONSHIP TO END.
- LEAVING IS THE MOST DANGEROUS TIME FOR A PERSON WHOSE PARTNER IS ABUSING THEM.

SUPPORTING A FRIEND THROUGH ABUSE: WHAT TO SAY





1. FLAG

- o "I WANT YOU TO BE SAFE."
- o "THIS IS IMPORTANT."

2. VALIDATE

- "THANK YOU FOR TRUSTING ME WITH THIS."
- o "YOU DON'T DESERVE THAT. YOU DESERVE TO BE RESPECTED."

3. CONNECT

- o "YOU ARE NOT ALONE."
- o "YOU HAVE RESOURCES."

SUPPORTING A FRIEND THROUGH ABUSE: CONNECT





NATIONAL

- DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HOTLINE
 - o 1.800.799.SAFE (7233)
 - CHAT: THEHOTLINE.ORG
 - TEXT "START" TO 88788
- LOVE IS RESPECT
 - o LOVEISRESPECT.ORG
 - o QUIZZES!

LOCAL SERVICES

CENTERS.RAINN.ORG

CAMPUS SUPPORT

• TITLE IX, HEALTH CLINIC, THERAPY

SUPPORTING A FRIEND THROUGH ABUSE: CONNECT





LGBTQ+ RESOURCE: THE TREVOR PROJECT

- CALL 1-866-488-7386
- TEXT 678-678

SEEK LOCAL RESOURCES NEAR YOU!

SUPPORTING A FRIEND THROUGH ABUSE: SAFETY PLANNING





FROM THE EXPERTS:

"WHAT MAY KEEP A SURVIVOR SAFE IN ONE INSTANCE CAN INCREASE HARM AND RISK OF DANGER IN ANOTHER."

- DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRAUMA THERAPIST, NORTHERN VIRGINIA

SAFETY PLANNING:

A PERSONALIZED, PRACTICAL PLAN TO IMPROVE YOUR SAFETY WHILE EXPERIENCING ABUSE, PREPARING TO LEAVE AN ABUSIVE SITUATION, OR FOR AFTER YOU LEAVE.

- THE DV HOTLINE

BARRIERS TO REPORTING FOR LESBIAN AND GAY SURVIVORS



- REPORTING MEANS COMING OUT.
- THE LITTLE AWARENESS AND LACK OF AVAILABILITY OF LGBTQ+ AFFIRMING SERVICES.
 - FEAR OF DISCRIMINATION OR STIGMA.
 - o FEAR OF BEING TURNED AWAY FOR LGBTQ+ IDENTITY.
 - o FEAR OF DISBELIEF OR VICTIM BLAME.

IF ALSO TRANS OR NONBINARY:

- THE RISK OF BEING DEADNAMED OR MISGENDERED.
- NOT HAVING ACCESS TO GENDER-SEGREGATED SHELTERS OR ALTERNATIVE HOUSING.
- FEAR OF BEING OSTRACIZED BY THEIR COMMUNITY OR OTHER LGBTQ+ FRIENDS.
- FEAR OF CONTRIBUTING TO STEREOTYPES THAT PEOPLE WHO ARE LGBTQ+ ARE "BAD" OR "ABUSIVE" IN NATURE.



WARNING! DON'T REPORT ON A FRIEND'S BEHALF UNLESS THEY ASK YOU TO.

HOW TO NAVIGATE REPORTING AND SAFETY IF YOU'RE NOT OUT



- TRUST YOUR GUT. IF SOMETHING DOESN'T FEEL SAFE, IT'S OKAY TO APPROACH WITH CAUTION.
- ASK AROUND. LEARNING ABOUT OTHERS' EXPERIENCES WITH TITLE IX, CAMPUS POLICE, OR OTHER REPORTING AVENUES IS A GOOD WAY TO GAUGE SAFETY.
- FIND RESOURCES. WHETHER YOU UTILIZE YOUR CAMPUS RESOURCES OR OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES, IT'S IMPORTANT TO REACH OUT. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO GO THROUGH THIS ALONE.

ALTERNATIVES TO REPORTING





















WANT TO LEARN MORE? GO TO ITSONUS.ORG





QUESTIONS?





THANK YOU!

FOR MORE RESOURCES VISIT ITSONUS.ORG



POST TRAINING SURVEY